

Disclosures

- I have no commercial relationships
- I will not discuss off-label usage of drugs

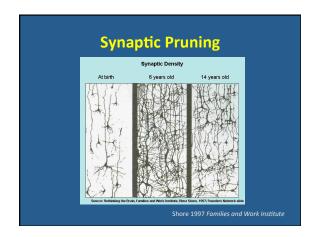
Objectives

- Review key neurodevelopmental changes of adolescence
- Recognize strengths
- Privacy & confidentiality
- Reducing barriers
- Resources

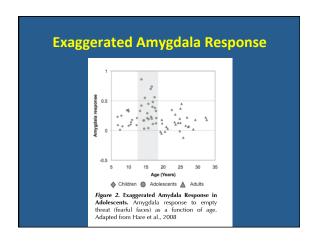


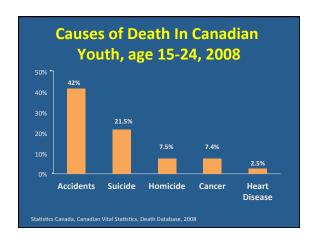
I LOVE ADOLESCENTS





Adolescent Brain Development & Risk Taking • Unbalanced development btw limbic system & prefrontal cortex • Heighted emotional response, reward seeking, impulsive • Hot cognition & cold cognition - Hypothetical, moral decisions →logical cognition - Immediate personal decisions →emotional response







Engaging Youth in the Visit

- Set the stage once
- Interview alone (partially)
- Move from less private topics to more private
- Show respect *and* concern for risks
- Listen
- End on a positive note

Adapted from Ken Ginsberg

Setting the Stage



- Focus on the youth
- Discuss confidentiality and its limits
- Lay out the agenda with youth input
- Use clear language and open ended questions
- Promote honesty & trust
- Be non-judgmental
- Help her reach her goals while keeping her safe

Adapted from Ken Ginsburg, www.fosteringresiliency.com

What do Teens Want?

- · Hand washing
- Clean instruments
- Honest
- Respect toward teens
- Cleanliness
- Know-how

- Carefulness
- Experience
- Seronegativity for
- Equal treatment of all patients
- Confidentiality

Confidential Services

- Adolescents value confidentiality
- · Adolescents forego care because of confidentiality concerns
- Providing confidentiality assurances increases

Ginsburg KR. JAMA. 1995; 273:1913-1918. Ford CA. JAMA. 1997; 278:1029-1034.

Privacy & Confidentiality

- Review confidentiality and its limits with every new patient
- · Yet, our job is to protect the health of our patients
- Parents should be included in the treatment plan when in the best interest of the patient1
- Share information within the circle of care on a need to know basis²
- 1 Harrison, Canadian Paediatric Society Position Statement 2004 2 Representatives for Children & Youth, 2013

Decision Making Capacity

- Ontario, Alberta, BC, Manitoba, Saskatchewan
 - no age of capacity; physician must determine the capacity to consent
- New Brunswick
 - 16 or under 16 if 2 practitioners agree the patinet is capable and it is in his best interest
- - 14 unless it is not medically necessary and entails a health risk

Royal College. Medical Decision Making and Mature Minors

What about parents?

- · Parents are the most important thing for resilient
- Include parents when possible
- Disclosed information to parents should be met with strategies for safety rather than punishment
- Recognize and encourage effective parenting
- · "Adult allies" also important



Risk or Resiliency?

- · Diagnosed with ADHD at age 9
- · Arrested for driving intoxicated
- Probation for 18 months
- Caught smoking marijuana, lost trust from family and friends





Reducing Barriers

- Accessible appointments
- Open communication (text, email, phone)
- · Medications available on site
- · Youth friendly front line staff
- Meet the youth where they are
 - School based health centres, outreach clinics, evening hours,



But I only have 10 minutes!

Time is a Burden

- You can't do it in 10 minutes!!!
- Teens doing well might take 10 minutes
- · Teens not doing well take less, OR much, much more
- · Ideas: walk-in, longer appointments with acute overbooking, support staff, residents, last appointments of the day, close follow-up



Build a team

- You can't do this alone!
- Which staff are youth friendly?
- Who is youth friendly in your community?
- Get to know school counselors, therapists, D&A workers, nurses, social workers, and therapists
- Build a good referral list



Bookmarked Resources

- Kelty Mental Health Resource Centre
 - Keltymentalhealth.ca
- Suicide crisis line - 1-800-SUICIDE
- Kidshelpphone.ca
- Self-Harm:
- - My Health Passport at SickKids

- SexualityandU.ca
- Youngwomenshealth.org
- <u>familyproject.sfsu.edu/</u>
- www.pflagcanada.ca
- www.plannedparenthood .org/info-for-teens/
- For parents: www.caringforkids.cps.ca
- Bullying: Teamorangstrong.com

Take Home Points

- Adolescence and early adulthood is a major time of growth and development
- Strengths and protective factors are critical to development
- Time and clinical space need to be considered in terms of youth needs
- You can't do this alone!

And finally... **Direct Quotes From Youth**

- "Try to make time to talk to me and get to know me, I like it when [they] do
- "Treat us like a person, not a disease."
- "Offer me choices where I have them"
- "[We] need privacy, space and a safe zone"
- "Share information with me"

Thank you!

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Thanks to my colleagues in the Division of Adolescent Health and Medicine, UBC