Is more testing better?

The lower the patient’s risk for a particular illness, the less precise the test results tend to be. For low-risk patients, more testing often leads to more misdiagnosis and is not necessarily better for one’s health.

Case Study: Ovarian Cancer Screening

Where screening caused more harm than benefits

Ovarian cancer can be hard to detect, so screening all women might seem like it makes sense. Screening for ovarian cancer involves two tests: 1. ultrasound and 2. blood test.

A recent study looked at whether screening actually helped women who didn’t have symptoms or risk factors for ovarian cancer. Although ovarian cancer was diagnosed more in the screening group, this did not lead to more saved lives.

In addition, when we followed the women who were screened:

- 13% of screened patients had false alarms
- 30% of the false alarms led to surgeries
- 15% of those surgeries had serious complications

So, you can see with this example that what seems like a simple test that makes sense can actually backfire and cause more health problems than it prevents.


Resources:

For more information, visit www.cfpc.ca/ChoosingWisely.
See advice for when you need a test and when you don’t at www.choosingwisely.ca.
Watch Dr. Mike’s videos on smart testing and more at www.YouTube.com/DocMikeEvans.

*Please consult relevant provincial guidelines.